Exercise Sheet 3

Equivalence of Categories, Representable and Adjoint Functors

- 1. Give an example of a functor that does not preserve monomorphisms. Dito for epimorphisms.
- 2. Consider a functor $F: \mathcal{C} \to \mathcal{D}$. The functor is called *fully faithful* if for all $X, X' \in Ob(\mathcal{C})$ the map $F_{X,X'}: Mor_{\mathcal{C}}(X,X') \to Mor_{\mathcal{D}}(FX,FX')$ is bijective. It is called *essentially surjective* if for any $Y \in Ob(\mathcal{D})$ there exists $X \in Ob(\mathcal{C})$ such that $FX \cong Y$. Prove that F is part of an equivalence of categories if and only if it is fully faithful and essentially surjective.
- 3. Show that equivalence of categories is an equivalence relation.
- Show that the category of sets is not equivalent to its opposite category.
 Hint: Play around with initial and final objects and products and coproducts.
- *5. Let **Cat** denote the category of small categories with functors as morphisms. Let $F: \mathbf{Cat} \to \mathbf{Sets}$ be the functor that sends a small category \mathcal{C} to the set $\mathrm{Mor}(\mathcal{C})$. Prove that F is corepresentable.
- 6. Show that the tensor product $M \otimes_R N$ corepresents the functor R-Mod \rightarrow Sets, $L \mapsto \operatorname{Bilin}_R(M \times N, L).$
- *7. Fix topological spaces X and Y and consider the functor $\mathbf{Top}^{\mathrm{opp}} \to \mathbf{Sets}, Z \mapsto \mathrm{Mor}_{\mathbf{Top}}(Z \times Y, X)$. Under what conditions is this functor representable?
- 8. Consider the forgetful functor $\mathbf{Top} \rightarrow \mathbf{Sets}$ mapping any topological space to the underlying set and any continuous map to the underlying map. Does this functor have a left or right adjoint, and if so, which?