## **Probability Theory**

## Exercise Sheet 1

**Exercise 1.1** Let  $(\Omega, \mathcal{A}, P) = ((0, 1), \mathcal{R}, \mu)$ , where  $\mu$  is the Lebesgue measure over (0, 1) and  $\mathcal{R}$  the Borel  $\sigma$ -algebra on (0, 1). Find the distribution function of the random variable

$$X(\omega) := \frac{1}{\lambda} \log \frac{1}{1 - \omega}$$

where  $\lambda$  is a given positive parameter.

**Exercise 1.2** Let  $\mathcal{Z} := (A_i)_{i \in I}$  be a countable decomposition of a set  $\Omega \neq \emptyset$  in "atoms"  $A_i$ , that is  $\Omega = \bigcup_{i \in I} A_i$ , where  $A_i \cap A_k = \emptyset$  for  $i \neq k$ , and I countable.

(a) Show that the  $\sigma$ -algebra generated by  $\mathcal{Z}$  is of the form

$$\sigma(\mathcal{Z}) = \left\{ \bigcup_{i \in J} A_i \middle| J \subseteq I \right\}.$$

*Hint:* Recall the definition of  $\sigma(\mathcal{Z})$ .

(b) Show that the family of  $\sigma(\mathcal{Z})$ -measurable random variables is exactly the family of functions on  $\Omega$  that are constant on "atoms" (that is, all functions f such that for each i, f is constant on  $A_i$ ).

**Exercise 1.3** Let  $(\Omega, \mathcal{A}, P)$  be a probability space and  $(A_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  a sequence of sets from  $\mathcal{A}$ . We define

$$\bar{A} := \limsup_{n \to \infty} A_n := \bigcap_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \bigcup_{k \ge n} A_k \quad , \quad \underline{A} := \liminf_{n \to \infty} A_n := \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \bigcap_{k \ge n} A_k.$$

Let  $1_B$  denote the indicator function of  $B \in \mathcal{A}$ .

- (a) Show that  $1_{\bar{A}} = \limsup_{n \to \infty} 1_{A_n}$  and that  $1_{\underline{A}} = \liminf_{n \to \infty} 1_{A_n}$ .
- (b) Show that  $P[\underline{A}] \leq \liminf_{n \to \infty} P[A_n]$  and that  $P[\overline{A}] \geq \limsup_{n \to \infty} P[A_n]$ . *Hint:* Use a lemma from Section 1.2 in the lecture notes.

**Exercise 1.4** Let  $\Omega$  be a non-empty set and let  $X : \Omega \to \mathbb{R}$  and  $Y : \Omega \to \mathbb{R}$  be two functions. The  $\sigma$ -algebra on  $\Omega$  generated by X is defined by  $\sigma(X) := \{X^{-1}(B) \mid B \in \mathcal{R}\},\$ 

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where  $\mathcal{R}$  denotes the Borel  $\sigma$ -algebra on  $\mathbb{R}$ . In this exercise we will show that: Claim: Y is  $\sigma(X)$ - $\mathcal{R}$ -measurable  $\iff$  there exists an  $\mathcal{R}$ - $\mathcal{R}$ -measurable function  $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ , such that  $Y = f \circ X$ .

*Hint:* For (b)-(e), cf. the proof of (1.2.16) in the lecture notes.

- (a) Show the  $\Leftarrow$  direction.
- (b) Show the  $\implies$  direction for any Y of the form  $Y = 1_A$ , where  $A \in \sigma(X)$ .
- (c) Show the  $\implies$  direction for any Y that is a linear combination of indicator functions, i.e. for Y of the form  $Y = \sum_{i=1}^{n} c_i 1_{A_i}$ , where  $n \in \mathbb{N}, c_1, \ldots, c_n \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $A_1, \ldots, A_n \in \sigma(X)$ .
- (d) Show the  $\implies$  direction for any Y such that  $Y \ge 0$ .
- (e) Complete the proof of the claim (i.e. show the  $\implies$  direction for an arbitrary Y).

## Submission deadline: 13:15, Oct 3.

Location: During exercise class or in the tray outside of HG E 65.

Office hours (Präsenz): Mon. and Thu., 12:00-13:00 in HG G 32.6.

## Class assignment:

Students	Time & Date	Room	Assistant
An-Gr	Tue 13-14	HG F 26.5	Yilin Wang
He-Lang	Tue 13-14	ML H 41.1	Angelo Abächerli
Lanz-Sa	Tue 14-15	HG F 26.5	Vincenzo Ignazio
Sch-Zh	Tue 14-15	ML H 41.1	Lukas Gonon