

### 5.1. Lipschitz vs. bounded weak derivative

The domain  $\Omega$  must be non-convex.

### 5.2. A tent for Rudolf L.

Who is Rudolf L.?

### 5.3. Capacity and Hausdorff measure

(a) Work with the definitions of Hausdorff measure and capacity. You may use that for any  $r > 0$  there exists some  $\psi \in C_c^\infty(B_{3r})$  satisfying  $\psi = 1$  in  $B_{2r}$  and  $|\nabla\psi| \leq \frac{2}{r}$ . The statement of Problem 5.6 (b) may come in handy.

(b) Recall Satz 8.1.1.

### 5.4. Traceless

Find a sequence of functions  $u_k \in C^0(\overline{\Omega})$  satisfying  $u_k|_{\partial\Omega} \equiv 1$  and  $\|u_k\|_{L^p(\Omega)} \xrightarrow{k \rightarrow \infty} 0$ .

### 5.5. Traces of weak derivatives

(a) For  $1 \leq p < \infty$  apply Fubini's theorem and for  $p = \infty$ , argue with Lipschitz continuity (Korollar 8.3.1). Then use the same trick as in Problem 4.5 (a).

(b) Apply part (a) and use Lemma 7.3.1.

### 5.6. Positive and negative part

(a) For  $\varepsilon > 0$  consider the function  $G_\varepsilon \circ u$ , where  $G_\varepsilon \in C^1(\mathbb{R})$  is given by

$$G_\varepsilon(y) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{y^2 + \varepsilon^2} - \varepsilon & \text{for } y \geq 0, \\ 0 & \text{for } y < 0. \end{cases}$$

(b) Use part (a).

(c) Notice that  $u = u_+ - u_-$  and use part (a).

(d) Use part (c) but be careful: unless  $\Omega$  is bounded, constants are only in  $W_{\text{loc}}^{1,p}(\Omega)$ .