

# Mathematical Finance

## Exercise sheet 3

Please hand in your solutions by Wednesday, 17.10.2018, 12:00 into your assistant's box next to HG G 53.2.

### Exercise 3.1

- (a) Show that Brownian motion and the simple Poisson process are good integrators.
- (b) Let  $B$  be a Brownian motion and  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  a function which is continuous except for one point where there is a jump. Show that  $X = f(B)$  is **not** a good integrator.

**Exercise 3.2** Recall that a process  $X$  is of class DL if for each  $t \geq 0$ , the family  $\{X_\tau : \tau \leq t \text{ stopping time}\}$  is uniformly integrable.

- (a) Show that  $X$  is a supermartingale if  $X$  is nonnegative and locally a supermartingale with integrable  $X_0$ .
- (b) Suppose  $X$  is nonnegative and locally a submartingale. Show that  $X$  is a submartingale iff  $X$  is of class DL.
- (c) Suppose  $X$  is locally a supermartingale. Show that  $X$  is a supermartingale iff  $X_0$  is integrable and  $X^-$  is of class DL.

### Exercise 3.3

- (a) Suppose that  $f, g : [0, T] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  are functions of finite variation. Establish the following integration by parts formula

$$f(T)g(T) - f(0)g(0) = \int_0^T f(s-) dg(s) + \int_0^T g(s) df(s).$$

Written symmetrically, we have

$$f(T)g(T) - f(0)g(0) = \int_0^T f(s-) dg(s) + \int_0^T g(s-) df(s) + \sum_{0 < s \leq T} \Delta f(s) \Delta g(s).$$

- (b) For  $t > 0$ , define  $\mathcal{F}_{t-} = \sigma(\cup_{s < t} \mathcal{F}_s)$ . Show that if  $X$  is predictable, then  $X_t$  is  $\mathcal{F}_{t-}$ -measurable for each  $t > 0$ .
- (c) Suppose that  $M$  is a bounded martingale and  $A$  is an increasing integrable RCLL predictable process null at 0. Show that  $E[M_T A_T] = E[\int_0^T M_{s-} dA_s]$ .

**Exercise 3.4** Recall that the space  $\mathcal{H}_0^1$  (on the time interval  $[0, T]$ ) is defined by

$$\mathcal{H}_0^1 := \left\{ M \in \mathcal{M}_{loc} : M_0 = 0, M_T^* := \sup_{0 \leq t \leq T} |M_t| \in L^1 \right\}.$$

- (a) Show that every local martingale  $M$  in  $\mathcal{H}_0^1$  is of class D; that is, the family  $\{M_\tau : \tau \text{ stopping time}\}$  is uniformly integrable.
- (b) Show that every local martingale in  $\mathcal{H}_0^1$  is a martingale.
- (c) Show that every local martingale is locally in  $\mathcal{H}_0^1$ .

**Exercise 3.5** Let  $X = (X_t)_{0 \leq t \leq T}$  be an adapted RCLL process and  $\mathcal{D}_n := k2^{-n}T$ ,  $k := 0, 1, \dots, 2^n$ , the  $n$ -th dyadic partition of  $[0, T]$ , for each  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . Suppose that  $X$  is bounded.

- (a) Show that for each stopping time  $\rho$  with values in  $[0, T]$ , we have

$$|\text{MV}(X^\rho, \mathcal{D}_n) - \text{MV}(X^{\rho+}, \mathcal{D}_n)| \leq 2\|X\|_\infty.$$

- (b) Show that  $\text{MV}(X) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \text{MV}(X, \mathcal{D}_n)$ .