

## Assignment 16

### SEPARABILITY, COMPUTATION OF AUTOMORPHISM GROUPS

- Let  $f \in k[X]$  and let  $E \supset k$  be a splitting field of  $f$ . We want to prove that  $f$  has no multiple root in  $E$  if and only if  $\gcd_{k[X]}(f, f') = 1$ .
  - Let  $F/k$  be a field extension and  $f, g \in k[X]$ . Prove that  $\gcd_{k[X]}(f, g) = 1$  if and only if  $\gcd_{F[X]}(f, g) = 1$ .
  - Write  $f = \prod_{i=1}^n (X - \alpha_i)$  in  $E[X]$ . Establish the formula

$$\prod_{i=1}^n f'(\alpha_i) = \pm \left( \prod_{i < j} (\alpha_i - \alpha_j) \right)^2.$$

- Use the above steps in order to conclude.
- Let  $p$  be a prime number and  $\zeta := e^{\frac{2\pi i}{p}}$  a primitive  $p$ -th root of unity. Consider the polynomial  $\varphi_p := \frac{X^p - 1}{X - 1} \in \mathbb{Q}[X]$  with splitting field  $E$ .
    - Prove that  $\varphi_p$  is irreducible in  $\mathbb{Q}[X]$  and deduce that  $\varphi_p$  is the minimal polynomial of  $\zeta$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ .
    - Show that  $E = \mathbb{Q}(\zeta)$ .
    - Prove that  $\text{Aut}(E/\mathbb{Q}) = (\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z})^\times$ .
  - Let  $E = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{3})$ .
    - Prove that  $[E : \mathbb{Q}] = 4$ .
    - Show that  $\text{Aut}(E/\mathbb{Q}) = \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$ .
  - Show that the Galois group of  $X^3 - 2 \in \mathbb{Q}[X]$  is isomorphic to  $S_3$ .

*Hint:* Let  $E$  be the splitting field of  $X^3 - 2$ . Find the roots of  $X^3 - 2$  in  $\mathbb{C}$ . Consider the intermediate extension  $\mathbb{Q}(\exp(2\pi i/3))/\mathbb{Q}$  of  $E$  and show that  $[E : \mathbb{Q}] > 3$ .