



Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule Zürich
Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zurich

Prof. Paul Biran

SS16

Exam in Algebraic Topology I - Summer 2016

Name:

First Name:

Legi-Nr.:

Please leave the following spaces blank! They will be used by the correctors.

	1. Corr.	2. Corr.	Points	Remarks
Problem 1	_____	_____	_____	_____
Problem 2	_____	_____	_____	_____
Problem 3	_____	_____	_____	_____
Problem 4	_____	_____	_____	_____
Problem 5	_____	_____	_____	_____
Problem 6	_____	_____	_____	_____
Total			_____	
Grade			_____	
Complete?			<input type="checkbox"/>	

Exam in Algebraic Topology I - Summer 2016

Please read carefully!

- The exam is divided into two parts, **Part A** and **Part B**. Part A consists of four problems (1-4) and part B of two problems (5-6). Each problem is divided into sub-problems.
- For **Part A**: Please choose and solve **three out of the four** problems of Part A. **Only three problems will be graded.** You will not get additional points if you solve more than three problems.
- For **Part B**: Please choose and solve only **one out of the two** problems of Part B. **Only one problem will be graded.** You will not get additional points if you solve more than one problem.
- Please only hand in the problems you wish to be graded or very **clearly indicate** which problems you wish to be graded. In Part A only three problems will be graded and in Part B only one problem will be graded.
- In case you hand in too many problems and/or do not clearly indicate which problems you wish to be graded we will only grade the problems that occur first in your work.
- **All answers/statements/counter-examples in your work should be proved.** (It is okay to use theorems/statements proved in class without reproving them.)
- The maximal number of points that can be scored in the exam is 60 and the duration of the exam is 3 hours.
- Do not mix sub-problems from different problems.
- The sub-problems of a problem are not necessarily related to each other.
- Please use a separate sheet of paper for each problem.
- Please do not use red or green pens and do not use pencil.
- Please clearly write your full name on each of the sheets you hand in.
- Please hand in your sheets sorted according to the problem numbers.

Good Luck!

Part A

1. a) [**8 Points**] Let X and Y be topological spaces, and $x_0 \in X$, $y_0 \in Y$ points such that each of them is a deformation retract of some neighbourhood in X and Y respectively. Define

$$X \vee Y = (X \sqcup Y) / x_0 \sim y_0,$$

and denote by $p \in X \vee Y$ the point corresponding to x_0 and y_0 . Prove that

$$H_n(X \vee Y, p) \cong H_n(X, x_0) \oplus H_n(Y, y_0)$$

for every n .

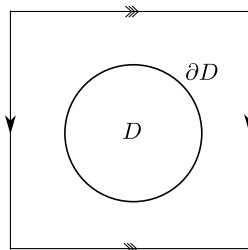
- b) [**8 Points**] Recall that the CW-complex $\mathbb{R}P^n$ is obtained from $\mathbb{R}P^{n-1}$ by attaching an n -cell. The infinite union $\mathbb{R}P^\infty = \bigcup_{n \geq 1} \mathbb{R}P^n$ is a CW-complex with one cell in each dimension. It is topologized with the *weak topology*, i.e. a subset $A \subset \mathbb{R}P^\infty$ is closed if and only if $A \cap \mathbb{R}P^n$ is closed in $\mathbb{R}P^n$ for every n .

Calculate the cellular homology of the CW-complex $\mathbb{R}P^\infty$.

2. a) [**5 Points**] Show that if a map $f : S^n \rightarrow S^n$ has no fixed points then $\deg f = (-1)^{n+1}$.
 b) [**5 Points**] Let $g : S^n \rightarrow S^n$ be a map of degree 0. Show that there exist points $x, y \in S^n$ such that $g(x) = x$ and $g(y) = -y$.
 c) [**6 Points**] Recall that an *action* of a group G on a space X is a homomorphism $G \rightarrow \text{Homeo}(X)$, where $\text{Homeo}(X)$ is the group of homeomorphisms $X \rightarrow X$. The action is *free* if the homeomorphism corresponding to each nontrivial element of G has no fixed points.

Let G be a group acting freely on S^n . Prove that if n is even, then G is either trivial or isomorphic to $\mathbb{Z}_2 := \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$.

3. a) [**8 Points**] Let $f : \mathbb{R}P^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}P^2$ be a map which induces an isomorphism on $H_1(\mathbb{R}P^2)$. Prove that f is surjective.
 b) [**8 Points**] Consider the torus T^2 and an embedded disc $D \subset T^2$ as in the picture. Set $X = T^2 \setminus \text{int } D$. Prove that X does not retract onto $\partial D \subset X$.



4. Let X be a space such that $H_i(X) = 0$ for all but finitely many $i \in \mathbb{Z}$ and such that $H_i(X)$ is finitely generated for every i . The *Euler characteristic* of X is defined as

$$\chi(X) := \sum_i (-1)^i \text{rank } H_i(X).$$

- a) **[9 Points]** Let X be a finite CW-complex and let a_i be the number of i -cells of X . Show that

$$\chi(X) = \sum_i (-1)^i a_i.$$

- b) **[7 Points]** Show that if $p : X \rightarrow Y$ is a k -sheeted covering map and Y is a finite CW-complex then X is also a finite CW-complex and $\chi(X) = k \cdot \chi(Y)$.

Part B

5. Let $f : C_\bullet \rightarrow D_\bullet$ be a chain map between the two chain complexes C_\bullet and D_\bullet . Recall that the *mapping cone* of f is the chain complex $(\text{cone}(f)_\bullet, \mathbf{d})$ defined by:

$$\text{cone}(f)_i = C_{i-1} \oplus D_i \quad \text{for all } i \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{d}(c, d) = (-d_C(c), d_D(d) - f(c))$$

for $c \in C_\bullet$ and $d \in D_\bullet$, where d_C and d_D are the differentials of C_\bullet and D_\bullet , respectively.

- a) [4 Points] Show that there is a short exact sequence of chain complexes

$$0 \rightarrow D \rightarrow \text{cone}(f) \rightarrow C[-1] \rightarrow 0$$

where $\text{cone}(f)_\bullet$ is the mapping cone of f .

- b) [6 Points] Show that the connecting homomorphism of the homology long exact sequence induced from the sequence in a) is given by the induced map $f_* : H_*(C) \rightarrow H_*(D)$.
- c) [2 Points] Show that a chain map $f : C_\bullet \rightarrow D_\bullet$ is a quasi-isomorphism if and only if the mapping cone $\text{cone}(f)_\bullet$ is an acyclic chain complex.

Recall: A chain map between two chain complexes is a *quasi-isomorphism* if the induced map on homology is an isomorphism.

6. Compute $\tilde{H}_i(S^n \setminus X)$ where $X \subsetneq S^n$ and

- a) [6 Points] $X \approx S^k \vee S^\ell, \quad 0 < \ell, k < n.$
- b) [6 Points] $X \approx S^k \sqcup S^\ell, \quad 0 < \ell, k < n.$