

## EXERCISE SHEET 4

### Exercise 1.(Related Vector Fields):

Let  $M, N$  be smooth manifolds and let  $\varphi : M \rightarrow N$  be a smooth map. Recall that two vector fields  $X \in \text{Vect}(M)$ ,  $X' \in \text{Vect}(N)$  are called  $\varphi$ -related if

$$d_p\varphi(X_p) = X'_{\varphi(p)}$$

for every  $p \in M$ .

Show that  $[X, Y]$  is  $\varphi$ -related to  $[X', Y']$  if  $X \in \text{Vect}(M)$  is  $\varphi$ -related to  $X' \in \text{Vect}(N)$  and  $Y \in \text{Vect}(M)$  is  $\varphi$ -related to  $Y' \in \text{Vect}(N)$ .

### Exercise 2.(Leibniz Rule):

Let  $A, B : (-\varepsilon, \varepsilon) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  be smooth curves and define  $\varphi : (-\varepsilon, \varepsilon) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  as the product  $\varphi(t) := A(t)B(t)$ . Show that

$$\varphi'(t) = A'(t)B(t) + A(t)B'(t)$$

for every  $t \in (-\varepsilon, \varepsilon)$ .

### Exercise 3.(Some Lie Algebras):

- a) Let  $M, N$  be smooth manifolds and let  $f : M \rightarrow N$  be a smooth map of constant rank  $r$ . By the constant rank theorem we know that the level set  $L = f^{-1}(q)$  is a regular submanifold of  $M$  of dimension  $\dim M - r$  for every  $q \in N$ . Show that one may canonically identify

$$T_p L \cong \ker d_p f$$

for every  $p \in L = f^{-1}(q)$ .

- b) Use part a) to compute the Lie algebras of the Lie groups  $O(n, \mathbb{R})$ ,  $O(p, q)$ ,  $U(n)$ ,  $Sp(2n, \mathbb{C})$ ,  $B(n)$  and  $N(n)$  where  $B(n)$  is the group of real invertible upper triangular matrices and  $N(n)$  is the subgroup of  $B(n)$  with only ones on the diagonal.

**Exercise 4.(Easy Direction of Frobenius' Theorem):**

Let  $M$  be a smooth manifold and let  $\mathcal{D}$  be a distribution on  $M$ . Show that  $\mathcal{D}$  is involutive if it is completely integrable.

**Exercise 5.(Distributions and Lie Subalgebras):**

- a) Let  $M$  be a smooth manifold,  $X, Y \in \text{Vect}(M)$  vector fields on  $M$ , and  $f, g \in C^\infty(M)$  smooth functions. Show that

$$[fX, gY] = fg[X, Y] + f(Xg)Y - g(Yf)X.$$

- b) Show that the Lie algebra  $\mathfrak{h}$  of a Lie subgroup  $H$  of a Lie group  $G$  determines a left-invariant involutive distribution.

Remark: Part a) is not necessarily needed for part b).

**Exercise 6.(Functions with values in immersed submanifolds):**

Let  $M', M, N$  be smooth manifolds and let  $\iota: N \hookrightarrow M$  be an injective immersion, i.e.  $\iota$  is an injective smooth map whose differential is injective. Further, let  $f: M' \rightarrow M$  be a smooth map with  $f(M') \subseteq \iota(N)$ .

Show that  $\iota^{-1} \circ f: M' \rightarrow N$  is smooth if it is continuous.

**Due date:** Thursday, 12/11/2020

**Please, upload your solution via the SAM upload tool.**

In order to access the website you will need a NETHZ-account and you will have to be connected to the ETH-network. From outside the ETH network you can connect to the ETH network via VPN. Here are instructions on how to do that.

Make sure that your solution is **one PDF file** and that its **file name** is formatted in the following way:

`solution_<number exercise sheet>_<last name>_<first name>.pdf`

**For example:** If your first name is Alice, your last name is Miller, and you want to hand-in your solution to Exercise Sheet 2, then you will have to upload your solution as **one** PDF file with the following file name:

`solution_2_Miller_Alice.pdf`

**Solutions that fail to comply with the above requirements will be ignored.**