

D-MATH  
 FS 2021  
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## Exercise sheet 3

Probabilistic Number Theory

- ① Let  $q$  be a positive integer and let  $\chi$  be a Dirichlet character mod  $q$ . We denote the principal character mod  $q$  by

$$\chi_0(a) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } (a, q) = 1 \\ 0 & \text{if } (a, q) > 1. \end{cases}$$

- a. Let  $Q > q$  be a multiple of  $q$ . Define

$$\psi(n) = \begin{cases} \chi(n) & \text{if } (n, Q) = 1 \\ 0 & \text{if } (n, Q) > 1. \end{cases}$$

We say that  $\psi$  is a character mod  $Q$  *induced* by  $\chi$ . The character  $\chi$  is said to be *primitive* if it is not induced by any character of modulus  $< q$ . The smallest modulus  $f$  so that  $\chi$  is induced by a character mod  $f$  is called the *conductor* of  $\chi$ .

In particular, it's easy to see that for every  $\chi \neq \chi_0 = \chi_{0,q} \pmod{q}$ , there is a unique primitive character  $\chi^* \pmod{f}$  which induces  $\chi$  and so that

$$\chi(n) = \chi^*(n)\chi_0(n) \quad \forall n.$$

Show that the the following are equivalent:

- i.  $\chi$  is primitive.
- ii. If  $d|q$  and  $d < q$ , then there is a  $c$  such that  $c \equiv 1 \pmod{d}$ ,  $(c, d) = 1$ ,  $\chi(c) \neq 1$ .
- iii. If  $d|q$  and  $d < q$ , then for every integer  $a$ ,

$$S = \sum_{\substack{n=1 \\ n \equiv a \pmod{d}}}^q \chi(n) = 0.$$

- b. Let  $\chi$  be a character mod  $q$ . Define the *Gauss sum*

$$\tau(\chi) = \sum_{a=1}^q \chi(a)e(a/q),$$

where  $e(a \cdot /q)$  is the *additive character* mod  $q$  defined by  $n \mapsto e^{\frac{2\pi i a n}{q}}$ .

Show that if  $\chi$  is primitive, then

$$b_1. \chi(n)\tau(\bar{\chi}) = \sum_{a=1}^q \bar{\chi}(a)e(an/q).$$

*Hint:* Start with the case  $(n, q) = 1$  and then use iii of part a.

$$b_2. |\tau(\chi)| = \sqrt{q}.$$

c. Prove the *Pólya-Vinogradov inequality*:

Let  $\chi$  be a non-principal character mod  $q$ . Then

$$\sum_{n \leq x} \chi(n) \ll \sqrt{q} \log q.$$

*Hint:* One way to prove it is by following the steps:

c<sub>1</sub>. Show that it suffices to prove it when  $x \leq q$ ;

c<sub>2</sub>. Use the formula b<sub>1</sub>;

c<sub>3</sub>. Find an upper bound for the function  $\sum_{a=1}^q \left| \sum_{n \leq x} e(an/q) \right|$ .

② Let  $q \geq 1$ . Consider the  $\phi(q) \times \phi(q)$  matrix  $A$  with entries  $\chi(a)$ , as  $\chi$  varies over all Dirichlet character mod  $q$  and  $a$  varies in  $(\mathbb{Z}/q\mathbb{Z})^\times$ . Compute  $\det(A)$ .

*Hint:* Consider  $A\bar{A}^t$ .

③ a. Show that the following is false:

$$\log(\tau(n)) = o\left(\frac{\log n}{\log \log n}\right),$$

as  $n \rightarrow +\infty$ , where  $\sum_{d|n} 1$ .

b. Let  $P(x) = \prod_{n \leq x} n^{\log n}$ . Show that

$$\sqrt[x]{P(x)} = e^2 x^{\log x - 2} \left(1 + O\left(\frac{(\log x)^2}{x}\right)\right).$$