Introduction to Mathematical Finance Dylan Possamaï

## Assignment 8

## About Asian options

We consider a complete *T*-period financial market, such that (**NA**) holds. There is a risk-less asset which is for now such that  $(1/S_t^0)_{t \in \{0,...,T\}}$  is a positive  $(\mathbb{F}, \mathbb{Q})$ -super-martingale, where  $\mathbb{Q}$  is the unique risk-neutral measure on this market. There is only one risky asset with price process *S*.

We fix some  $K \ge 0$ , and we are interested in a so-called Asian Call option on S, whose payoff at maturity T is given by

$$\left(\frac{1}{T}\sum_{k=1}^{T}S_k - K\right)^+.$$

We will denote by  $C_t^{as}(T, K; S)$  the value at any time  $t \in \{0, ..., T\}$  of such an option. For notational simplicity, we will also take the convention in the formulae below that  $\frac{0}{0} = 0$ .

1)a) Show that  $\mathbb{P}$ -a.s.

$$\left(\frac{1}{T}\sum_{k=1}^{T}S_{k}-K\right)^{+} \leq \frac{1}{T}\sum_{k=1}^{T}(S_{k}-K)^{+}.$$

(1)b) Deduce that

$$C_0^{\mathrm{as}}(T, K; S) \le \frac{1}{T} \sum_{k=1}^T C_0(k, K; S).$$

2)a) Show that for any  $t \in \{0, \ldots, T\}$  and any  $s \in \{t, \ldots, T\}$ 

$$\frac{(S_t - K)^+}{S_t^0} \le \left(\widetilde{S}_t - \mathbb{E}^{\mathbb{Q}}\left[\frac{K}{S_s^0} \middle| \mathcal{F}_t\right]\right)^+, \ \mathbb{P}\text{-a.s.}$$

- 2)b) Deduce using Jensen's inequality for conditional expectations that for any  $t \in \{0, ..., T\}$ , with  $\mathbb{P}$ -probability one, the sequence  $(C_t(k, K; S))_{k \in \{s, ..., T\}}$  is non-decreasing.
- (2)c) Show that

$$C_0^{\rm as}(T, K; S) \le C_0(T, K; S).$$

3) In this question we will extend the previous results to any time  $t \in \{0, \ldots, T\}$ .

3)a) Show that for any  $t \in \{0, \ldots, T\}$ , we have  $\mathbb{P}$ -a.s.

$$C_t^{\rm as}(T,K;S) \le \frac{t}{T} \mathbb{E}^{\mathbb{Q}} \left[ \frac{S_t^0}{S_T^0} \middle| \mathcal{F}_t \right] \left( \frac{1}{t} \sum_{k=1}^t S_k - K \right)^+ + \frac{1}{T} \sum_{k=t+1}^T C_t(k,K;S).$$

- 3)b) Show that the result in 3(a) is indeed a generalisation of 2(c).
  - 4) From now on, and until the end of the problem, we assume that  $S^0$  is deterministic. Prove that we can now write for any  $t \in \{0, ..., T\}$ ,  $\mathbb{P}$ -a.s.

$$C_t^{\rm as}(T,K;S) \le \frac{t}{T} \frac{S_t^0}{S_T^0} \left( \frac{1}{t} \sum_{k=1}^t S_k - K \right)^+ + \frac{1}{T} \sum_{k=t+1}^T \frac{S_k^0}{S_T^0} C_t(k,K;S).$$

5) Define for any  $t \in \{0, \ldots, T\}$  the event

$$A(t) := \left\{ \frac{1}{T} \sum_{k=1}^{t} S_k \ge K \right\} \in \mathcal{F}_t.$$

Show that for any  $t \in \{0, \ldots, T\}$ ,  $\mathbb{P}$ -a.s.

$$\mathbf{1}_{A(t)}C_t^{\rm as}(T,K;S) = \mathbf{1}_{A(t)} \left( \frac{S_t^0}{S_T^0} \left( \frac{1}{T} \sum_{k=1}^t S_k - K \right) + \frac{S_t}{T} \sum_{k=t+1}^T \frac{S_k^0}{S_T^0} \right).$$

6) Fix now some  $T_o \in \{1, \ldots, T-1\}$  and consider the option with maturity T and payoff

$$\left(\frac{1}{T-T_o}\sum_{k=T_o+1}^T S_k - K\right)^+.$$

We denote by  $C^{\mathrm{as}}(T_o, T, K; S)$  the price process of the corresponding option.

6)a) Show that for any  $t \in \{T_o, \ldots, T\}$ ,  $\mathbb{P}$ -a.s.

$$C_t^{\rm as}(T_o, T, K; S) \le \frac{t - T_o}{T - T_o} \frac{S_t^0}{S_T^0} \left( \frac{1}{t - T_o} \sum_{k=T_o+1}^t S_k - K \right)^+ + \frac{1}{T - T_o} \sum_{k=t+1}^T \frac{S_k^0}{S_T^0} C_t(k, K; S).$$

6)b) Show that for any  $t \in \{T_o, \ldots, T\}$ ,  $\mathbb{P}$ -a.s.

$$C_t^{as}(T_o, T, K; S) \le \frac{1}{T - T_o} \sum_{k=T_o+1}^T \frac{S_k^0}{S_T^0} C_t(k, K; S).$$

7) We now specialise the discussion to a more specific model and assume that for some R > 0

$$S_t^0 = R^t, \ t \in \{0, \dots, T\},\$$

and that the risky asset satisfies that  $S_0 > 0$  is given and

$$S_{t+1} = Y_{t+1}S_t, \ t \in \{0, \dots, T-1\}$$

where the  $(Y_i)_{i \in \{1,...,T\}}$  are i.i.d. random variables under  $\mathbb{Q}$ , taking values in  $(0, +\infty)$ .

7)a) Explain first why

$$\mathbb{E}^{\mathbb{Q}}[Y_i] = R, \ i \in \{1, \dots, T\}.$$

7)b) Prove then that,  $\mathbb{P}$ -a.s.

$$\left(\frac{1}{T}\sum_{k=1}^{T}S_k - K\right)^+ \ge \left(S_0 \exp\left(\sum_{k=1}^{T}\left(1 - \frac{k-1}{T}\right)\log(Y_k)\right) - K\right)^+,$$

and then that

$$C_0^{\mathrm{as}}(T,K;S) \ge \frac{1}{R^T} \mathbb{E}^{\mathbb{Q}} \left[ \left( S_0 \exp\left(\sum_{k=1}^T \frac{k}{T} \log(Y_k)\right) - K \right)^+ \right].$$

7)c) Define the following process

$$\overline{S}_t := S_0 \exp\left(\frac{1}{t} \sum_{k=1}^t k \log(Y_k)\right), \ t \in \{0, \dots, T\}$$

Show that the lower bound obtained in 7b) can be written formally

$$C_0^{\mathrm{as}}(T,K;S) \ge C_0(T,K;\overline{S}).$$

Can we however say that  $\overline{S}$  is the price process of a (fictitious) risky asset in this market?