

**PROBABILITY THEORY (D-MATH)
EXERCISE SHEET 4**

Exercise 1. Let (X_n) be a sequence of independent random variables and let (a_n) be a deterministic sequence with $a_n \rightarrow 0$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$. Show using Kolmogorov's zero-one law that there exists (deterministic) constants $C_{\pm} \in [-\infty, \infty]$ such that

$$\liminf_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n \cdot (X_1 + \dots + X_n) = C_- \quad \text{and} \quad \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n \cdot (X_1 + \dots + X_n) = C_+$$

almost surely.

Exercise 2. The goal of this question is to walk through Etemadi's proof of the strong law of large numbers under a pairwise independence assumption. Let (X_n) be a sequence of pairwise independent, identically distributed and integrable random variables with mean μ . We will show that $(X_1 + \dots + X_n)/n \rightarrow \mu$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$ almost surely.

- (i) Show that it suffices to prove the result in the case where $X_n \geq 0$ for all $n \geq 0$. In the rest of the exercise, we will restrict to this scenario.
- (ii) Let X have the same law as each of the (X_n) . Show that for $\alpha > 1$ and $\epsilon > 0$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{m \geq 1} \mathbb{P} \left(\left| \frac{1}{\lfloor \alpha^m \rfloor} \sum_{i=1}^{\lfloor \alpha^m \rfloor} (X_i 1(X_i \leq i) - \mathbb{E}(X_i 1(X_i \leq i))) \right| > \epsilon \right) \\ & \leq \epsilon^{-2} \sum_{m \geq 1} \frac{1}{\lfloor \alpha^m \rfloor^2} \sum_{i=1}^{\lfloor \alpha^m \rfloor} \mathbb{E}(X^2 1(X \leq i)) < \infty . \end{aligned}$$

Hint: To see the finiteness it might prove helpful to interchange the sums.

- (iii) Deduce that for all $\alpha > 1$,

$$\frac{1}{\lfloor \alpha^m \rfloor} \sum_{i=1}^{\lfloor \alpha^m \rfloor} X_i 1(X_i \leq i) \rightarrow \mathbb{E}(X) \quad \text{as } m \rightarrow \infty \text{ almost surely .}$$

- (iv) Show that almost surely, $X_i \neq X_i 1(X_i \leq i)$ for at most finitely many indices i and then deduce that $(X_1 + \dots + X_{\lfloor \alpha^m \rfloor})/\lfloor \alpha^m \rfloor \rightarrow \mathbb{E}(X)$ as $m \rightarrow \infty$ almost surely.
- (v) Using that $(X_n) \geq 0$ obtain that for all $\alpha > 1$,

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E}(X)/\alpha & \leq \liminf_{n \rightarrow \infty} (X_1 + \dots + X_n)/n \\ & \leq \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} (X_1 + \dots + X_n)/n \leq \alpha \mathbb{E}(X) \quad \text{almost surely .} \end{aligned}$$

- (vi) Carefully deduce the strong law of large numbers from (v).

Exercise 3. Let (X_n) be an i.i.d. sequence with the same law as X such that $\mathbb{E}(X^{2p}) < \infty$ for all integers $p \geq 1$. Also assume that $\mathbb{E}(X) = 0$.

(i) Show that for all integers $p \geq 1$ there exists a constant $C_p < \infty$ such that

$$\mathbb{E}((X_1 + \dots + X_n)^{2p}) \leq C_p n^p .$$

(ii) Deduce that $(X_1 + \dots + X_n)/n^{1/2+\delta} \rightarrow 0$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$ almost surely for all $\delta > 0$.

Submission of solutions. Hand in by 18/10/2021 5 p.m. (online) following the instructions on the course website

<https://metaphor.ethz.ch/x/2021/hs/401-3601-00L/>

The exercise classes are listed below; the Zoom meeting details are given on the course website shown above.

Time	Room	Assistant
Tuesday 2 p.m. – 3 p.m.	HG F 26.5	Matthis Lehmkuehler
Tuesday 2 p.m. – 3 p.m.	ML H 41.1	Luca Pelizzari
Tuesday 3 p.m. – 4 p.m.	Zoom	Daniel Contreras Salinas
Tuesday 3 p.m. – 4 p.m.	ML H 41.1	Genc Kqiku