

## Ising Model: Exercise sheet 6

Let  $G = (V, E)$  be a finite graph and  $\Omega = \{-1, 1\}^V$ . Let  $J = (J_e)_{e \in E}$  be a family of non-negative coupling constants.

*Exercise 1.* To avoid confusion, we will denote by  $\langle \cdot \rangle_G$  the expectation for the Ising measure on the graph  $G$ . Let  $A \subset V$ . Let  $K$  be the set of vertices of  $G$  that are connected to  $A$  in  $G[J > 0]$ . The aim of this exercise is to prove that

$$\langle \sigma_A \rangle_G = \langle \sigma_A \rangle_K$$

1. Prove that

$$H_G(\sigma) = H_K(\sigma|_K) + H_{V \setminus K}(\sigma|_{V \setminus K}).$$

2. Conclude.

*Exercise 2.* ( $\star$ ) (Pushing boundary conditions) Let  $A \subset V$ . Let  $f \in E$  such that  $f \cap A = \emptyset$ . Let us denote by  $\bar{G}$  and  $\bar{J}$  the graph and the coupling constants obtained from  $(G, J)$  by identifying endpoints of  $f$  as one vertex. More precisely,  $\bar{G}$  has vertex set  $\bar{V} = (V \setminus f) \cup \{v\}$  (where  $v \notin V$  is an additional vertex), and edge set  $\bar{E} = \{e \in E : e \cap f = \emptyset\} \cup \{xv, : x \notin f, x \text{ neighbour to one vertex of } f\}$ .

We define the following families of coupling constants  $J^{(\alpha)}$  for  $\alpha \geq J_f$  as follows:

$$\forall e \in E \quad J_e^{(\alpha)} = \begin{cases} \alpha & \text{if } e = f \\ J_e & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}.$$

1. Prove that  $\langle \sigma_A \rangle_{\bar{G}, \bar{J}} = \lim_{\alpha \rightarrow \infty} \langle \sigma_A \rangle_{G, J^{(\alpha)}}$ .

2. We recall that  $\Lambda_n = \{-n, \dots, n\}^d$ . Use question 1 to prove that for every  $A \subset \Lambda_n$ , we have  $\langle \sigma_A \rangle_{\Lambda_n}^+ \geq \langle \sigma_A \rangle_{\Lambda_{n+1}}^+$ .

Let  $\Lambda \subset \subset \mathbb{Z}^d$ . Let  $\Omega_\Lambda = \{-1, 1\}^\Lambda$ . For  $\sigma \in \Omega_\Lambda$  we recall that

$$H_\Lambda^+(\sigma) = -\beta \sum_{\substack{xy \subset \Lambda: \\ x \sim y}} \sigma_x \sigma_y - \beta \sum_{\substack{x \in \Lambda, y \notin \Lambda: \\ x \sim y}} \sigma_x.$$

*Exercise 3.* Let  $A \subset S \subset \Lambda$ . We aim to prove that

$$\langle \sigma_A \rangle_S^+ = \langle \sigma_A | \forall x \in \Lambda \setminus S \sigma_x = 1 \rangle_\Lambda^+.$$

Let  $F = \{e \in E : e \cap S = \emptyset, e \cap \Lambda \setminus S \neq \emptyset\}$ . Let  $\sigma \in \Omega_\Lambda$  such that  $\sigma_x = 1$  for all  $x \in \Lambda \setminus S$ .

1. Prove that

$$H_\Lambda^+(\sigma) = H_S^+(\sigma|_S) - \beta|F|.$$

2. Conclude.