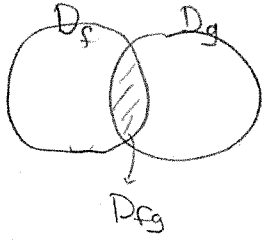


Recall (Affine scheme)

$$\text{Spec} : (\text{Comm ring})^{\circ} \longrightarrow (\text{Locally ringed space})$$

$$R \longmapsto \text{Spec } R$$

- Set :  $\mathfrak{p} \subset R$  prime ideal
- Topology :  $I \subset R$  ideal. closed subsets  $V(I) = \{ \mathfrak{p} \subset R \text{ prime} : I \subset \mathfrak{p} \}$   
Basic open subsets  $D_f = \{ \mathfrak{p} \subset R \text{ prime} : f \notin \mathfrak{p} \}$
- Structure sheaf  $\mathcal{O}_{\text{Spec } R}(D_f) = R_f$ .



$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{O}_{\text{Spec } R}(D_f) & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{O}_{\text{Spec } R}(D_{fg}) \\ \parallel \cong & & \parallel \cong \\ R_f & \longrightarrow & R_{fg} \end{array}$$

Eg  $\mathcal{O}_{X_p} \cong R_p$ .

Morphism  $R \xrightarrow{\varphi} S \rightsquigarrow \varphi : \text{Spec } S \longrightarrow \text{Spec } R$ . map of locally ringed space.

Idea Identify "Space" with its "ring of functions on the space".

Now we can distinguish  $k$  and  $k[t]/(t^n)$  ;  $\cdot$  vs  $-$

Q1  $\text{Spec } \mathbb{Z}[x] \longrightarrow \text{Spec } \mathbb{Z}$

Geometry over  $\text{Spec } \mathbb{Z}$  could be very difficult bc you see all the primes



$\mathbb{Z}$  : initial object in (Rings)  $\rightsquigarrow \text{Spec } R \longrightarrow \text{Spec } \mathbb{Z}$  exists uniquely.

$\mathbb{Z} \xleftarrow{\varphi} \mathbb{Z}[x]$  . Canonical map.  $\mathfrak{p} \subset \mathbb{Z}[x]$  : prime ideal

Case 1)  $\mathfrak{p} \cap \mathbb{Z} = (0)$

- $\mathfrak{p} = (0)$  Good
- $\mathfrak{p} \neq (0)$  ;  $\mathfrak{p} \cap (\mathbb{Z} - \{0\}) = \emptyset$ . Let  $S = \mathbb{Z} - \{0\}$ .  $S^{-1}\mathfrak{p} \subset \mathbb{Q}[x]$  prime ideal.
- $\mathbb{Q}$  : field  $\Rightarrow S^{-1}\mathfrak{p} = (f)$  for some monic irred poly  $f \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$
- Clear out denominators. take  $f \in \mathbb{Z}[x]$  st  $\text{gcd}(\text{coeff } f) = 1$ .
- By Gauss lemma,  $f$  is irred poly in  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$ . and  $\mathfrak{p} = (f)$

Case 2)  $\mathfrak{p} \cap \mathbb{Z} = (p)$   $p \geq 2$  prime

Consider  $\mathbb{Z}[x] \xrightarrow{\pi_p} \mathbb{Z}/(p)\mathbb{Z}[x]$   $\pi_p(\mathfrak{p})$  is prime ideal ( $\because \pi_p$  is onto)

- $\pi_p(\mathfrak{p}) = 0$  ;  $\mathfrak{p} = (p)$
- $\pi_p(\mathfrak{p}) = (f)$  ,  $f \in \mathbb{F}_p[x]$  monic irred polynomial.

Take  $\tilde{f} \in \mathbb{Z}[x]$  st  $\pi_p(\tilde{f}) = f$  ,  $\tilde{f}$  = monic, irreducible

Claim  $\mathfrak{p} = (p, \tilde{f})$

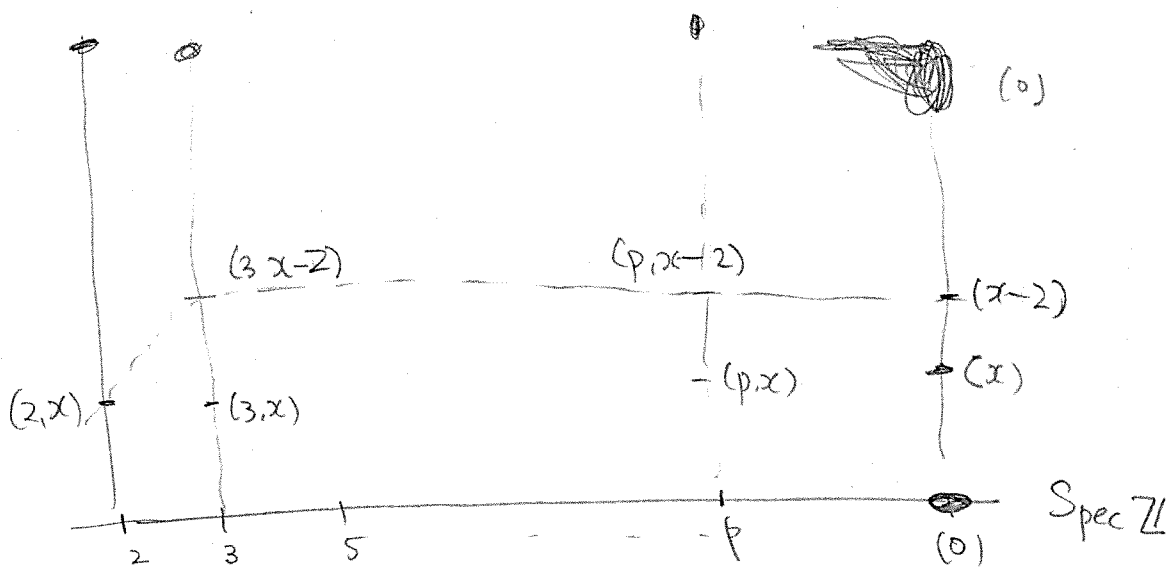
( $\supseteq$ ) : clear

( $\subseteq$ ) Let  $g \in \mathfrak{p} \Rightarrow \pi_p(g) = f \cdot h \exists h \in \mathbb{F}_p[x]$  Take any lift  $\tilde{h}$  of  $h$

$\pi_p(g - \tilde{f}\tilde{h}) = \pi_p(g) - fh = 0$

$\Rightarrow (g - \tilde{f}\tilde{h}) \in (p) \quad g = \tilde{f}\tilde{h} + p\varepsilon \quad \varepsilon \in \mathbb{Z}[x]$

$\Rightarrow g \in (p, \tilde{f})$



Q2  $\text{Spec } R \sqcup \text{Spec } S$  homeo to  $\text{Spec}(R \times S)$

Consider

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 R & \xrightarrow{q_1} & R \times S \xrightarrow{p_1} R \\
 r_1 & \xrightarrow{\quad} & (r_1, 1) \\
 \\ 
 S & \xrightarrow{q_2} & R \times S \xrightarrow{p_2} S
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \text{Spec } R \sqcup \text{Spec } S & \xrightarrow{p^*} & \text{Spec}(R \times S) \\
 \searrow \text{id} & & \downarrow q^* \\
 & & \text{Spec } R \sqcup \text{Spec } S
 \end{array}$$

Enough to show the following

Claim  $p^*$  (or  $q^*$ ) is a bijection

Pf) If  $I = p_1 \times S$  or  $R \times 0$ , then  $I \subset R \times S$  is a prime ideal.

Suppose  $I \subset R \times S$  is a prime ideal. Then  $(1,0)$  or  $(0,1) \notin I$ , so wlog  $(1,0) \notin I$ .  
 $(1,0) \cdot (0,1) = (0,0) \in I \Rightarrow (0,1) \in I$ . so  $0 \times S \subset I$

$p_1$ : surjective  $\Rightarrow p_1(I) \subset R$ : prime ideal

$$I \subset p_1^{-1} p_1(I) = p_1(I) \times S \quad \checkmark$$

$$p_1(I) \times 0 \subset I \neq 0 \times S \subset I \Rightarrow p_1(I) \times S \subset I$$

23  $X$ : affine scheme /  $k = \bar{k}$

Lemma  $(R, m)$  local ring  $X = \text{Spec } A$ . Then  $\exists$  bijection

$$\text{Hom}_{\text{Sch}}(\text{Spec } R, \text{Spec } A) \longleftrightarrow \left\{ (x, \varphi) : x \in \overset{\text{Spec } A}{X}, \varphi: \mathcal{O}_{X,x} \rightarrow R \text{ local hom} \right\}$$

Sketch.  $f: \text{Spec } R \rightarrow \text{Spec } A \rightsquigarrow f^\# : \mathcal{O}_{\text{Spec } A, x} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{\text{Spec } R, m} \cong R$ .  
 $\underbrace{\quad}_m \longmapsto \underbrace{\quad}_x$   $\text{ie } \varphi^{-1}(m) = m_x$

$A \xrightarrow{\varphi} R$ . Then  $\exists!$  prime ideal  $p \subset A$  st  $A \xrightarrow{\varphi} R$  is local hom.  $\text{ie } p = \varphi^{-1}(m)$

$$\text{Hom}_{\text{Sch}/k}(\text{Spec } k[t]/t^2, X) \iff \left\{ (x, \varphi) : x \in X, \varphi: \mathcal{O}_{X,x} \rightarrow k[t] \right\}$$

$\varphi(m_x) \subset (t)$   
 $\varphi(m_x^2) = (0)$

Since  $\varphi(m_x^2) = 0$ , enough to assign a map

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{X,x}/m_x^2 \longrightarrow k[t]$$

Consider

$$0 \rightarrow m_x/m_x^2 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{X,x}/m_x^2 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{X,x}/m_x \rightarrow 0$$

$\swarrow$   
is  $k$

$$\mathcal{O}_{X,x}/m_x^2 \cong m_x/m_x^2 \oplus k$$

Then  $\mathcal{O}_{X,x}/m_x^2 \rightarrow k[t] \iff k$ -linear map  $m_x/m_x^2 \rightarrow k(t)$