Only the exercises with an asterisk (*) will be corrected.

8.1. MC questions.

- (a) Let $f : \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}$ be a C^k map with $k \ge 2$. Which of the following statements are true?
 - $\Box \quad \text{The gradient } \nabla f(x) \text{ is an } n \times n \text{ matrix.}$
 - \Box The Hessian matrix $\operatorname{Hess}_f(x)$ is a square matrix.
 - \square Hess_f(x) is symmetric.
 - \Box Hess_f(x) is invertible.
- (b) Consider the function $f(x, y) := (x^2 + y^2)e^{xy}$. Which statements are correct?
 - \Box The Hessian matrix of f at (0,0) is positive definite.
 - \Box The Hessian matrix of f at (0,0) is negative definite.
 - \Box The Hessian matrix of f at (0,0) has positive and negative eigenvalues.

8.2. Hessian matrix.

Calculate the Hessian matrix of the following function $f \colon \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$ at the point (x_0, y_0) :

(a)
$$f(x,y) = x^2 + xy + y^2$$
, $(x_0, y_0) = (1,1)$,
(b) $f(x,y) = \cos(x) + \sin(y)x$, $(x_0, y_0) = (\pi/2, \pi/2)$,
(c) $f(x,y) = y^3 \cdot \left(\sin\left(e^{y^5 \cdot \sin(y^2)}\right) \cdot \cos(\sinh(y)) \right)$, $(x_0, y_0) = (0,0)$.

*8.3. Taylor polynomials.

Consider the following function:

 $f(x,y) \coloneqq e^{x^2 + y^2} + \log(1 + x^2) + \arctan(xy).$

- (a) Determine the Taylor polynomial of f at (0,0) up to and including third order.
- (b) Let

$$g \colon \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}, \qquad g(x) := f(x, x).$$

Determine the Taylor polynomial of g at (0,0) up to and including third order. What is the relationship between the Taylor polynomials of f and of g?

Last modified: November 11, 2022

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*8.4. Taylor approximation.

Approximate the function

 $f(x,y) = e^x \sin y$

at the point $(0, \pi/2)$ by a Taylor polynomial of first order and of second order. Use these Taylor polynomials to give an approximation of $f(0, \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{1}{4})$.