## Exercise Sheet 5

## 1. Divergence and Laplacian

Let (M, q) be a Riemannian manifold with Levi-Civita connection D. The divergence div(Y) of a vector field  $Y \in \Gamma(TM)$  is the contraction of the (1,1)-tensor field  $DY: X \mapsto D_X Y$  and the Laplacian  $\Delta: C^{\infty}(M) \to C^{\infty}(M)$ is defined by  $\Delta f \coloneqq \operatorname{div}(\operatorname{grad} f)$ . Show that:

- a)  $\operatorname{div}(fY) = Y(f) + f \operatorname{div} Y$ ,
- b)  $\Delta(fg) = f\Delta g + g\Delta f + 2\langle \operatorname{grad} f, \operatorname{grad} g \rangle$ ,
- c) Compute  $\Delta f$  in local coordinates.

## 2. Codazzi equation

Let  $M \subset \overline{M}$  be a submanifold of the Riemannian manifold  $(\overline{M}, \overline{q})$ . For the second fundamental form h of M, we define

$$(D_X^{\perp}h)(Y,W) := (\bar{D}_X(h(Y,W))^{\perp} - h(D_XY,W) - h(Y,D_XW)),$$

where  $W, X, Y \in \Gamma(TM)$ . Show that the Codazzi equation

$$\left(\bar{R}(X,Y)W\right)^{\perp} = \left(D_X^{\perp}h\right)(Y,W) - \left(D_Y^{\perp}h\right)(X,W)$$

holds for all  $W, X, Y \in \Gamma(TM)$ .

## 3. Sectional curvature of submanifolds

Let  $(M, \bar{g})$  be a Riemannian manifold with sectional curvature sec. Let  $p \in M$ and  $L \subset T\overline{M}_p$  an *m*-dimensional linear subspace.

- a) Prove that there is some r > 0 such that for the open ball  $B_r(0) \subset TM_p$ , the set  $M \coloneqq \exp_n(L \cap B_r(0))$  is an *m*-dimensional submanifold of *M*.
- b) Let g be the induced metric on M and let see be the sectional curvature of M. Show that for  $E \subset TM_p$ , we have  $\sec_p(E) = \overline{\sec}_p(E)$  and if L is a 2-dimensional subspace, then  $\sec \leq \overline{\sec}$  on M.