## DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

1. Compute the first derivative of
(a) $x^{8} e^{-x^{3}}-x-100$,
(b) $\frac{\ln \left(\sin ^{2}(x)\right)}{\cos (x)}$,
(c) $\arctan (\sqrt{x})$.
2. Compute the first derivative of the two functions
(a) $f(x)=e^{\sin \left(x^{3}+\cos \left(x^{2}\right)\right)}$,
(b) $g(x)=\cos ^{2}\left(\frac{x^{3}+1}{x^{2}+1}\right)$.
3. For which $x \in \mathbb{R}$ does the graph of $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ with

$$
y=f(x)=e^{\sin x} \cdot e^{\cos x}
$$

have horizontal tangents? These are tangents of the form $t(x)=a$ with $a \in \mathbb{R}$.
4. Compute the second derivative $h^{\prime \prime}(x)=\left(h^{\prime}(x)\right)^{\prime}$ of the function

$$
h(x)=\ln (\ln (x)) .
$$

5. Suppose that a function $f$ is continuous and differentiable in the interval $[0,1]$. Suppose further that $f(0)=-1$ and $f^{\prime}(x) \leq 2$ for all $x \in[0,1]$. What is the largest possible value of $f(1)$ ?
6. Let $f$ be a differentiable function. Compute the expression

$$
\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{~d} x}\left(\frac{f\left(x^{3}\right)}{x f\left(x^{2}\right)}\right)
$$

