

### 8.1. Separation of variables

Solve the following equations using the method of separation of variables and superposition principle. To do so, write first a general solution solving the problem with boundary conditions, and then impose the initial values.

(a)

$$\begin{cases} u_t - u_{xx} = 0, & (x, t) \in (0, \pi) \times (0, \infty), \\ u(0, t) = 0, & t \in (0, \infty), \\ u(\pi, t) = 0, & t \in (0, \infty), \\ u(x, 0) = \sin(2x) + 2\sin(3x) + 4\sin(4x), & x \in [0, \pi]. \end{cases}$$

(b)

$$\begin{cases} u_{tt} - u_{xx} = 0, & (x, t) \in (0, \pi) \times (0, \infty), \\ u(0, t) = 0, & t \in (0, \infty), \\ u(\pi, t) = 0, & t \in (0, \infty), \\ u(x, 0) = 2\sin^3(x), & x \in [0, \pi], \\ u_t(x, 0) = \sin(4x), & x \in [0, \pi]. \end{cases}$$

Hint: recall that  $4\sin^3(x) = 3\sin(x) - \sin(3x)$ .

(c)

$$\begin{cases} u_t - u_{xx} = 0, & (x, t) \in (0, \pi) \times (0, \infty), \\ u_x(0, t) = 0, & t \in (0, \infty), \\ u_x(\pi, t) = 0, & t \in (0, \infty), \\ u(x, 0) = 1 + \cos(x) & x \in [0, \pi]. \end{cases}$$

### 8.2. Multiple choice

Cross the correct answer(s).

(a) Let  $u$  be solution of the heat equation

$$\begin{cases} u_t - ku_{xx} = 0, & (x, t) \in (0, L) \times (0, \infty), \\ u(0, t) = u(L, t) = 0, & t > 0, \\ u(x, 0) = f(x), & x \in (0, L). \end{cases}$$

for  $f \in C^\infty(0, T)$ . Then, for all  $a > 0$

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|--|--|
| <input type="radio"/> $\lim_{t \rightarrow +\infty} \int_0^L u(x, t)^2 dx = +\infty$ | <input type="radio"/> $\lim_{t \rightarrow +\infty} t^a \int_0^L u(x, t)^2 dx = 0$       |
| <input type="radio"/> $\lim_{t \rightarrow +\infty} \int_0^L u(x, t)^2 dx = 0$       | <input type="radio"/> $\lim_{t \rightarrow +\infty} t^a \int_0^L u(x, t)^2 dx = +\infty$ |

(b) Consider the periodic homogeneous wave equation

$$\begin{cases} u_{tt} - 4u_{xx} = 0, & (x, t) \in [0, 1] \times [0, +\infty) \\ u_x(0, t) = u_x(1, t) = 0, & t > 0, \\ u(x, 0) = 1 + 2021 \cos(2\pi x), & x \in [0, 1], \\ u_t(x, 0) = \cos(40\pi x), & x \in [0, 1]. \end{cases}$$

Then, for a fixed point  $\bar{x} \in [0, 1]$ , the function  $t \mapsto u(\bar{x}, t)$  has period

1/40

1/2

$2\pi$

$\pi$