

## Exercise Sheet 11

To be handed in until December 06

### 1. Some explicit computations of Lie brackets

Given  $v \in \mathbb{R}^3$ , define vector fields on  $\mathbb{R}^3$  by

$$T_v(x) := v, \quad R_v(x) := v \times x, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^3.$$

- (a) Compute  $[T_v, T_w]$ ,  $[T_v, R_w]$ , and  $[R_v, R_w]$  for  $v, w \in \mathbb{R}^3$ .  
(b) Write  $R_i := R_{\frac{\partial}{\partial x^i}}$ . Compute  $[R_i, R_j]$ .

### 2. Effect of product on Lie bracket

Let  $X, Y$  be differentiable vector fields and  $f, g$  differentiable functions on a manifold  $M$ . Prove that

$$[fX, gY] = fg[X, Y] + f(X \cdot g)Y - g(Y \cdot f)X.$$

### 3. Regularity of solutions

Let  $X \in C^k(TM)$  and let  $\gamma : (-T, T) \rightarrow M$  be a  $C^1$  integral curve of  $X$ . Show that  $\gamma$  is  $C^{k+1}$ .

### 4. Closed sets can be obtained as the zero set of a smooth function and can be approximated from outside by regular open sets

- (a) Show any closed set  $A \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  is the zero set of some smooth function

$$f : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}.$$

- (b) Let  $A \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  be closed. Show there exist open sets  $U_1 \supset U_2 \supset U_3 \supset \dots$  such that  $\partial U_j$  is a smooth  $(n-1)$ -manifold and

$$A = \bigcap_{j=1}^{\infty} U_j.$$

**5. Covering groups**

- (a) Let  $G$  be a Lie group and  $K$  a discrete normal subgroup. The group homomorphism

$$G \rightarrow G/K$$

is a covering map. We call it a *covering homomorphism* and  $G$  a *covering group* of  $G/K$ . For an example see exercise 1 sheet 8.

Hint: Find an open neighborhood of the identity  $e \in U$  such that  $U \cdot U^{-1} \cap K = \{e\}$ .

- (b) A discrete normal subgroup  $K$  of a connected Lie group  $G$  lies in the center of  $G$ .

Hint: For  $k \in K$  consider the map  $g \mapsto gkg^{-1}$ .

- (c) Find a covering homomorphism

$$S^3 \times S^3 \rightarrow SO(4)$$

of degree 2. Since  $S^3 \times S^3$  is simply-connected this shows that the universal covering group of  $SO(4)$  is  $S^3 \times S^3$ .