

Mathematical Foundations for Finance

Exercise Sheet 3

Please hand in your solutions by 12:00 on Wednesday, October 18 via the course homepage.

Exercise 3.1 Consider a filtered probability space $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbb{F}, P)$, where $\mathbb{F} = (\mathcal{F}_k)_{k \in \mathbb{N}_0}$.

- (a) Let X be a martingale. Show that for any bounded and convex function $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, the process $f(X) = (f(X_k))_{k \in \mathbb{N}_0}$ is a submartingale.

Could we replace the request of f being bounded with a more general condition?

Hint: You may use that finite-valued convex functions are continuous.

- (b) Let X be a submartingale, and let $\vartheta = (\vartheta_k)_{k \in \mathbb{N}_0}$ be a bounded, nonnegative and predictable process. Show that the stochastic integral process $\vartheta \bullet X$, defined by

$$\vartheta \bullet X_k = \sum_{j=1}^k \vartheta_j \Delta X_j = \sum_{j=1}^k \vartheta_j (X_j - X_{j-1}),$$

is a submartingale.

Conclude that $E[\vartheta \bullet X_k] \geq 0$ for all $k \in \mathbb{N}_0$.

- (c) Let X be a submartingale and let τ be a stopping time. Show that the stopped process $X^\tau = (X_k^\tau)_{k \in \mathbb{N}_0}$ defined by $X_k^\tau = X_{k \wedge \tau}$ is a submartingale.

Exercise 3.2 Fix $u > d > -1$ and a finite time horizon $T \in \mathbb{N}$. Let Y_1, \dots, Y_T be i.i.d. random variables with distribution given by

$$P[Y_k = 1 + u] = p, \quad P[Y_k = 1 + d] = 1 - p,$$

where $p \in (0, 1)$ is fixed. Also, fix $r > -1$, and let $(\tilde{S}^0, \tilde{S}^1)$ be a binomial model with the price processes of the assets in our market given by $\tilde{S}_0^1 = 1$ and

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{S}_k^0 &= (1 + r)^k, \quad k = 0, \dots, T, \\ \frac{\tilde{S}_k^1}{\tilde{S}_{k-1}^1} &= Y_k, \quad k = 1, \dots, T. \end{aligned}$$

- (a) By constructing an arbitrage opportunity, show that the market $(\tilde{S}^0, \tilde{S}^1)$ admits arbitrage if $r \leq d$.

- (b) Show that the same holds if $r \geq u$.

Exercise 3.3 Let $\vartheta = (\vartheta_k)_{k=0,\dots,T}$ be a predictable process with $\vartheta_0 = 0$, and let $\varphi \hat{=} (0, \vartheta)$ be the corresponding self-financing strategy with initial capital 0.

- (a) Show that if φ is not admissible, then there exists some $k \in \{0, \dots, T\}$ with $P[G_k(\vartheta) < 0] > 0$.
- (b) Suppose that φ also satisfies $V_T(\varphi) \geq 0$ P -a.s., and $P[V_T(\varphi) > 0] > 0$. Construct a modification φ' of φ so that the corresponding self-financing strategy $\varphi' \hat{=} (0, \vartheta')$ is 0-admissible and satisfies $V_T(\varphi') \geq 0$ P -a.s., and $P[V_T(\varphi') > 0] > 0$.