

## Exercise sheet 4

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1. Let  $F \subset K \subset L$  be fields. Show that  $L : F$  is an algebraic extension if and only if  $L : K$  and  $K : F$  are algebraic.
2. Let  $L : K$  be an algebraic field extension. Prove that every subring  $R$  of  $L$  which contains  $K$  is a field. Give a counter example in the case that the extension is not algebraic.
3. (a) Let  $F$  be a field and  $a \in \overline{\mathbb{Q}}$  that generates a field extension of  $F$  of degree 7. Prove that  $a^2$  generated the same extension.  
(b) Prove that part 3.a holds for 7 replaced by any odd integer.
4. Let  $p$  and  $q$  are two distinct primes. Prove that  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{p})$  and  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{q})$  are isomorphic as vector spaces over  $\mathbb{Q}$  but not as fields.
5. Let  $x = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt[3]{3}$ .
  - (a) Prove that  $\mathbb{Q}(x) = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt[3]{3})$ . [Hint: Find the minimal polynomial of  $x - \sqrt{2}$  and expand]
  - (b) Compute the minimal polynomial of  $x$  over  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2})$ . [Hint:  $[\mathbb{Q}(x) : \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2})] = ?$ ]
  - (c) Compute the minimal polynomial of  $x$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ .