# Problem sheet 3

## Problem 1

Let X be compact metric space and  $T: X \to X$  be a continuous map. Show that for any  $x \in X$  the forward omega limit  $\omega^+(x)$  is a T-invariant closed set.

### Problem 2

Find an example of a continuous map  $T: \mathbb{T}^1 \to \mathbb{T}^1$  such that

- (a) T is minimal but not topologically mixing.
- (b) T is topologically mixing but not minimal.

### Problem 3

Consider the circle rotation  $R : \mathbb{T}^1 \to \mathbb{T}^1 : x \mapsto (x + \alpha) \pmod{1}$  with  $\alpha \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \mathbb{Q}$ . Let  $h : \mathbb{T}^1 \to \mathbb{T}^1$  be a homeomorphism such that h(R(x)) = R(h(x)) for all  $x \in \mathbb{T}^1$ . Show that then  $h(x) = (x + \beta) \pmod{1}$  for all  $x \in \mathbb{T}^1$  for some  $\beta \in \mathbb{R}$ . (Hint: use that  $\{n\alpha \pmod{1}\}_{n \geq 1}$  is dense in  $\mathbb{T}^1$ .)

### Problem 4

Let  $\alpha_1, \ldots, \alpha_n \in \mathbb{R}$  for  $n \geq 1$ . Using the multiple recurrence theorem for the rotation maps  $R_{\alpha_1}, \ldots, R_{\alpha_n}$ , show that for any  $\epsilon > 0$  there exist infinitely many  $q \in \mathbb{N}$  and  $p_1, \ldots, p_n \in \mathbb{Z}$  such that  $|\alpha_k - \frac{p_k}{q}| < \frac{\epsilon}{q}$  for all  $1 \leq k \leq n$ .

#### Problem 5

Let  $T: X \to X$  be a continuous map. We say that T is topologically weak mixing if the map

 $T \times T : X \times X \to X \times X : (x_1, x_2) \to (T(x_1), T(x_2))$ 

is topologically transitive.

- (a) Prove that if T is topologically weak mixing, then T is topologically transitive.
- (b) Prove that if T is topologically mixing, then T is topologically weak mixing.

### Problem 6

The Gauss map  $G: [0,1] \rightarrow [0,1]$  is defined as follows:

$$G(x) := \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x = 0, \\ \frac{1}{x} - n & \text{if } x \in (\frac{1}{n+1}, \frac{1}{n}], n \ge 2. \end{cases}$$

- (a) Prove that  $G^n(x) = 0$  for some  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  if and only x is rational.
- (b) Prove that if  $G^n(x) = x$  for some  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  then x is quadratic irrational.