# 9. Space forms, curvature

### 9.1. Complete submanifolds and smooth graphs.

- 1. Let (M, g) be a complete Riemannian manifold, and let  $N \subset M$  be a closed subset which is a submanifold. Denote by h the induced metric on N. Show that (N, h) is complete.
- 2. Show that graphs of smooth functions  $F \colon \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}$  are complete submanifolds of  $\mathbb{R}^{n+1}$ .

#### 9.2. Conjugate points in manifolds with curvature bounded from above.

- 1. Prove that there are no conjugate points in manifolds with non-positive sectional curvature.
- 2. Show that in manifolds with sectional curvature at most  $\kappa$ , where  $\kappa > 0$ , there are no conjugate points along geodesics of length  $< \pi/\sqrt{\kappa}$ .
- 3. Show that if  $c: [0, \pi/\sqrt{\kappa}] \to M$  is a unit speed geodesic in a manifold with sec  $\geq \kappa > 0$ , then some c(t) is conjugate to c(0) along  $c|_{[0,t]}$ .

## 9.3. Diffeomorphisms of hyperbolic space.

Fix any point  $p \in \mathbb{H}^m$ . Show that  $\exp_p: T_p\mathbb{H}^m \to \mathbb{H}^m$  is a diffeomorphism.

#### 9.4. On the completeness assumption in the Killing-Hopf Theorem.

The goal of this exercise is to show that there exist non-complete smooth manifolds of constant sectional curvature that are not isometric to a subset of a space form.<sup>1</sup>

- 1. Let (M, g) be the universal cover of  $\mathbb{S}^2 \setminus \{p_1, p_2\}$  with the metric induced by the (smooth) covering map. Verify that M has constant sectional curvature.
- 2. You can assume that M is diffeomorphic to  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .
- 3. Assume that there exists an isometric embedding  $i: M \to S$  for a space form S. Show that S admits a covering

$$\pi: \mathbb{S}^m \to S$$
.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>this exercise relies on some topological results that are not necessarily covered in the course

4. Prove (or skip the proof and assume) that i can be lifted to an injective isometry

$$\widetilde{i}: M \to \mathbb{S}^m \quad \pi \circ \widetilde{i} = i.$$

5. Conclude by showing that the map  $\tilde{i}$  cannot exist.