

**PROBABILITY THEORY (D-MATH)
EXERCISE SHEET 10**

Exercise 1. [R] Let A be an compact set in \mathbb{R}^2 and let $(X, Y) \sim \text{Unif}(A)$. Compute $\mathbb{E}(X^2|Y)$

in the following cases:

- (1) $A = [-1, 1]^2$,
- (2) $A = \{(x, y) : |x| + |y| \leq 1\}$.

Exercise 2. Let X, Y be independent random variables and let $\psi : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ be a measurable function such that

$$\mathbb{E}(|\psi(X, Y)|) < \infty.$$

Define $\phi : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow [0, \infty]$ by

$$\phi(y) = \mathbb{E}(\psi(X, y)).$$

Show that

$$\mathbb{E}(\psi(X, Y)|Y) = \phi(Y) \text{ a.s.}$$

Exercise 3. [R] Let $(Y_n)_{n \geq 1}$ be iid random variables which are uniform in $\{-1, +1\}$ and let X be a random variable in L^2 . Let $[n]$ denote $\{1, \dots, n\}$ and for a subset $S \subset [n]$, define

$$Y_S = \prod_{i \in S} Y_i,$$

where Y_\emptyset defined to be 1.

- (1) Show that $\mathbb{E}(X|Y_1) = \mathbb{E}(X) + \mathbb{E}(XY_1)Y_1$.
- (2) More generally, for all $n \geq 1$ show that

$$\mathbb{E}(X|Y_1, \dots, Y_n) = \sum_{S \subset [n]} \mathbb{E}(XY_S)Y_S.$$

Exercise 4. [R] Let X be a real-valued random variable defined on (Ω, \mathcal{F}, P) that takes values in $[0, \infty]$ a.s. Let $\mathcal{G} \subset \mathcal{F}$ be a sigma-algebra. Define $\mathbb{E}(X|\mathcal{G})$ and show that it is unique (up to almost sure equivalence).

Submission of solutions. Hand in your solutions by 18:00, 29/11/2024 following the instructions on the course website

<https://metaphor.ethz.ch/x/2024/hs/401-3601-00L/>

Note that only the exercises marked with [R] will be corrected.