## PROBABILITY THEORY (D-MATH) EXERCISE SHEET 8

**Exercise 1.** [R] Let  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, P)$  be a probability space and let  $\mathcal{A} = {\Omega_1, \Omega_2, \ldots, \Omega_n}$  be a partition of  $\Omega$ . Let X be a real-valued  $\sigma(\mathcal{A})$ -measurable random variable. Show that there exist real numbers  $\lambda_1, \ldots, \lambda_n$  such that

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \lambda_i \mathbf{1}_{\Omega_i}$$

**Exercise 2.** [R] Fix  $n \ge 1$ . Let  $X \sim \text{Unif}[0, 1]$  and let  $Y = \lfloor n \cdot X \rfloor$ . Compute E(X|Y).

**Exercise 3.** Fix  $n \ge 2$ . Let X, Y be two numbers chosen uniformly at random from  $\{1, 2, ..., n\}$  without replacement. Define the event  $A = \{Y > X\}$ .

- (i) Compute E(Y|A).
- (ii) Compute  $E(\max(X, Y) | \min(X, Y))$ .

**Exercise 4.** Let X, Y be real-valued random variables taking finitely many values. Define the random variable

$$\operatorname{Var}(X|Y) = \operatorname{E}(X^2|Y) - \operatorname{E}(X|Y)^2.$$

Show that

$$\operatorname{Var}(X) = \operatorname{E}(\operatorname{Var}(X|Y)) + \operatorname{Var}(\operatorname{E}(X|Y))$$

**Exercise 5.** Let  $(X_n)_{n\geq 1}, (Y_n)_{n\geq 1}, X, Y$  be random variables. Assume that for all  $n \geq 1$ ,  $X_n$  and  $Y_n$  are independent, and that X and Y are independent. Suppose

$$X_n \xrightarrow{(d)} X$$
 and  $Y_n \xrightarrow{(d)} Y_n$ 

Then show that

$$(X_n, Y_n) \xrightarrow{(d)} (X, Y).$$

Submission of solutions. Hand in your solutions by 18:00, 22/11/2024 following the instructions on the course website

Note that only the exercises marked with [R] will be corrected.