

Mathematical Finance

Exercise Sheet 5

Submit by 12:00 on Wednesday, October 30 via the course homepage.

Exercise 5.1 (*Convergence in probability*) Consider the metric d on L^0 defined by $d(X, Y) := E[1 \wedge |X - Y|]$. Show that for $X_n, X \in L^0$, we have

$$X_n \rightarrow X \text{ in probability} \iff d(X_n, X) \rightarrow 0.$$

Exercise 5.2 (*Good integrator*) Fix a finite time horizon $T > 0$, a filtered probability space $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbb{F}, P)$, where $\mathbb{F} = (\mathcal{F}_t)_{0 \leq t \leq T}$, and an adapted RCLL process $X = (X_t)_{0 \leq t \leq T}$. Show that X is a good integrator if and only if the set

$$\mathfrak{X}_{(1)} := \{H \bullet X_T : H \in \mathfrak{b}\mathcal{E}, \|H\|_\infty \leq 1\}$$

is bounded in L^0 , in the sense that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{Y \in \mathfrak{X}_{(1)}} P[|Y| \geq n] = 0$.

Recall that X is a good integrator if whenever $H^n, H \in \mathfrak{b}\mathcal{E}$ with $H^n \rightarrow H$ uniformly in (ω, t) , we have $H^n \bullet X_T \rightarrow H \bullet X_T$ in L^0 .

Exercise 5.3 (*The spaces \mathbb{L} and \mathbb{D}*) Fix a finite time horizon $T > 0$ and a filtered probability space $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbb{F}, P)$, where $\mathbb{F} = (\mathcal{F}_t)_{0 \leq t \leq T}$ is assumed to be complete. Let \mathbb{L} and \mathbb{D} denote the spaces of adapted LCRL and adapted RCLL processes, respectively. Define the metric

$$d(X^1, X^2) := E[1 \wedge (X^1 - X^2)_T^*] := E\left[1 \wedge \sup_{0 \leq s \leq T} |X_s^1 - X_s^2|\right]$$

on both \mathbb{L} and \mathbb{D} (note that convergence with respect to d is exactly uniform (in t) convergence in probability). Show that when equipped with d , both \mathbb{L} and \mathbb{D} are complete metric spaces.

Hint: You may use that the space of (deterministic) LCRL (respectively RCLL) functionals on $[0, T]$ equipped with the supremum norm is a Banach space.

Exercise 5.4 (*Stopped good integrator*) Show that a stopped good integrator is a good integrator. That is, if $X = (X_t)_{0 \leq t \leq T}$ is a good integrator and τ is a stopping time, show that X^τ is a good integrator.

Exercise 5.5 (*Corollary 3.8*) Let $\mathcal{M}_{0,\text{loc}}$ denote the space of local martingales null at zero. Show that if $M \in \mathcal{M}_{0,\text{loc}}$ then $[M]^{1/2}$ is locally integrable.

Exercise 5.6 (*Approximation*) Fix a filtered probability space $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbb{F}, P)$ where \mathbb{F} is right-continuous, and let S be a semimartingale. Show in detail that for every $H \in \mathbb{L}$ such that $H_0 = 0$ almost surely, one can find a sequence $(H^n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \subseteq \text{b}\mathcal{E}$ with $d'_E(H^n \bullet S, H \bullet S) \rightarrow 0$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$.