

PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS

Exercise sheet 5

MC 5.1. Let X and Y be random variables taking values in \mathbb{N} . Which of the following statements are true? (The number of correct answers is between 0 and 6.)

- (a) If we know all values of $\mathbb{P}[X = i, Y = j]$ for $i, j \in \mathbb{N}$, then we also know all values of $\mathbb{P}[X = i]$ and $\mathbb{P}[Y = j]$ for $i, j \in \mathbb{N}$.
- (b) If we know all values of $\mathbb{P}[X = i]$ and $\mathbb{P}[Y = j]$ for $i, j \in \mathbb{N}$, then we also know all values of $\mathbb{P}[X = i, Y = j]$ for $i, j \in \mathbb{N}$.
- (c) Statement (b) is true, provided that we know that X and Y are independent.
- (d) Statement (b) is true, provided that we know that $Z_1 := e^{-X}$ and $Z_2 := \sqrt{Y}$ are independent.
- (e) Statement (b) is true, provided that we know that $Z_1 := e^{-X}$ and $Z_2 := Y \bmod 2$ are independent.
- (f) If we assume $\mathbb{P}[Y = j] > 0$ and we know all values of $\mathbb{P}[X = i | Y = j]$ and $\mathbb{P}[Y = j]$ for $i, j \in \mathbb{N}$, then we also know all values of $\mathbb{P}[X = i, Y = j]$ for $i, j \in \mathbb{N}$.

Exercise 5.2. Let $N \in \mathbb{N}$. Consider the set

$$\Omega = \{0, 1\}^N = \{(a_1, \dots, a_N) : a_1, \dots, a_N \in \{0, 1\}\}$$

and the σ -algebra $\mathcal{A} = 2^\Omega$, as well as the probability measure \mathbb{P} defined by

$$\mathbb{P}[\{(a_1, \dots, a_N)\}] = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2^{N-1}}, & \text{if } a_1 + \dots + a_N \text{ is even,} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Let X_1, \dots, X_N be random variables defined by $X_i((a_1, \dots, a_N)) = a_i$, $(a_1, \dots, a_N) \in \Omega$, $i \in \{1, \dots, N\}$.

- (a) Show that X_1, \dots, X_{N-1} are independent.
- (b) Show that X_1, \dots, X_N are not independent.

Exercise 5.3. Let X be a random variable with the cumulative distribution function

$$F_X(a) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } a < 1, \\ 1/5, & \text{if } 1 \leq a < 4, \\ 3/4, & \text{if } 4 \leq a < 6, \\ 1, & \text{if } 6 \leq a. \end{cases}$$

- (a) Sketch the cumulative distribution function of X .
- (b) Find the distribution of X (i.e. the values of $p(x) = \mathbb{P}[X = x]$) and sketch it.
- (c) Compute the probabilities $\mathbb{P}[X = 6]$, $\mathbb{P}[X = 5]$, $\mathbb{P}[2 < X < 5.5]$, $\mathbb{P}[0 \leq X < 4]$.

Exercise 5.4. Let X and Y be two discrete random variables with the following joint distribution:

$$p(j, k) = \mathbb{P}[X = j, Y = k] = \begin{cases} C\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^k & \text{for } k = 2, 3, \dots \text{ and } j = 1, 2, \dots, k - 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

for some constant $C \in \mathbb{R}$.

- (a) Determine the constant C .
- (b) Compute the (marginal) distributions p_X and p_Y of X and Y .
- (c) Are X and Y independent?

Exercise 5.5. [Monty Hall Problem] You are in a game show and have a choice between three doors. Behind one door is a car, while the other two doors hide goats. You select a door, and the host, who knows what is behind the doors, opens another door revealing a goat. The host then asks you: “Would you like to stick with your originally chosen door or switch to another one?” Assuming you prefer cars over goats, what should you do?

- (a) Construct an appropriate model to answer this question using conditional probabilities.
- (b) Try to find an alternative solution (which must, of course, yield the same answer).